length of said parallel conductors between end points where the two conductors are electrically coupled together;

a balancing core operatively associated with said pair of parallel load conductors; and

a current sensor operatively associated with each said pair of parallel load conductors[,];

wherein said current sensor [and said conductors being respectively configured and arranged such that the current sensor] produces a signal representative of the difference in the current flow in the two conductors.

17. (Twice amended) A method for detecting <u>series and parallel</u> arcing faults in a defined zone of an electrical circuit <u>supplying electrical power to a load</u> [such as an aircraft circuit], comprising:

splitting a load conductor into a <u>single</u> pair of substantially identical parallel insulated conductors <u>and electrically coupling and terminating the end points of said conductors together, so that each conductor of said pair of conductors carries <u>substantially half the total phase current during normal operating conditions</u>, thereby defining a detection zone comprising the length of said parallel conductors between end points where the two conductors are <u>electrically</u> coupled together;</u>

providing a <u>differential</u> current sensor operatively associated with each said pair of parallel conductors <u>a signal representative of the difference in the current flow of the two conductors</u>; and

providing a detectable current unbalance in the presence of said parallel fault by inducing mutually canceling insertion impedances in said pair of parallel load conductors.





[configuring and arranging a current sensor and said conductors such that the current sensor produces a signal representative of the difference in the current flow of the two conductors.]

Please add the following new claims:

- 33. (New) The system of claim 1 wherein each of the individual conductors of said pair of load conductors is essentially half the size required of a single load conductor for the total phase current under normal operating conditions of said load.
- of said pair of load conductors is essentially half the size required of a single load conductor for the total phase current under normal operating conditions of said load.
- 35. (New) A zone arc fault detection system for detecting arcing faults in a defined zone of an electrical circuit supplying electrical power to a load, comprising:

a single pair of substantially identical parallel insulated load conductors each of which is essentially half the size required of a single load conductor for the total phase current under normal operating conditions of said load;

a balancing core operatively associated with each said pair of parallel load conductors; and

a current sensor operatively associated with each said pair of parallel load conductors, said current sensor and said conductors being respectively configured and arranged such that the current sensor produces a signal representative of the difference in the current flow in the two conductors.

- 36. (New) A system of claim 35 wherein said electrical circuit supplying electrical power to a load is installed in an aircraft.
- 37. (New) A system of claim 36 and further wherein a conductive frame of said aircraft provides a neutral current return connection.
- 38. (New) A method for detecting series and parallel arcing faults in a defined zone of an electrical circuit supplying a load, comprising:

splitting a load conductor in each said defined zone into a single pair of
substantially identical parallel insulated conductors each of which is essentially half the
size required of a single load conductor for the total phase current under normal operating
conditions of said load;

providing balanced insertion impedances in said pair of conductors to enhance current unbalance detection during said parallel arcing fault;

providing a current sensor operatively associated with each said pair of parallel conductors; and

configuring and arranging a current sensor and said conductors such that the current sensor produces a signal representative of the difference in the current flow of the two conductors.

39. (New) A system of claim 38 wherein said electrical circuit supplying electrical power to a load is installed in an arcraft.

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40. (New) A system of claim 39 and further wherein a conductive frame of

said aircraft provides a neutral current return connection.